performance etc. Over the last three years significant improvements have been achieved as shown below:

Year	Raw Coal Production (million tonnes)	Productivity -OMS- (Tonnes)	Net Profit (+) / loss (−) (Rs. in crores)
1985-86	134.11	0.91	(−) 404.18
1986-87	144.74	0 98	(−) 331.75
1987-88	159 05	1.08	(−) 224.64
1988-89 (provisional)	170.08	1.11	*

* Accounts for 1988-89 will be finalised after the financial year is over.

Export of LML-Vespa Scooters to Japan

1955. Dr. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the recent press advertisements of Lohia Machines Ltd. manufacturing LML-Vespa Scooters to the effect that the said scooters are being exported to Japan; and

(b) if so, what is their quantity and F.O.B. value for 1988-89?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI J. VENGALRAO): (a) and (b) Yest, Sir, M/s LML Ltd., have reported that they are exporting their LML Vespa scooters to Japan and have exported 154 scooters for a total F.O.B. value of US $96,250/- uptil 17th Feb., 1989.

Growth of industries

1956. SHRI P. N. SUKUL: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) what was the percentage growth of industries in the country during the last three years, yearwise;

(b) what was the target set for 1988 for industrial growth and whether it was achieved;

(c) if it was not achieved, what are the reasons therefor; and

(d) what is growth rate for industries expected by the end of the current plan?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI M. ARUNACHALAM): (a) to (d) According to the index of industrial production compiled by CSO, the rates of growth of industrial production were 8.7% in 1985-86, 9.1% in 1986-87 and 7.4% in 1987-88. It was 9.4% during April - November 1988

The Seventh Five Year Plan envisages an average rate of growth of over 8 per cent in the industrial sector.

The decline in industrial growth in 1987-88 was due to the unprecedented and severe drought conditions faced by the country. The Government had initiated a number of measures to remove the constraints on industrial growth and provided a more liberal package of industrial policies. The liberalisation process has continued. Various measures taken to boost industrial growth in the industrial sector include de-licensing of industries, broad banding, re-endorsement of capacity with reference to minimum economic Scales of operation, revision of Appendix I industries, review of industries reserved for small scale sector, adoption of simplified procedure for recognition of capacity arising out of modernisation replacement of plant and machinery etc. Government have also provided incentives and subsidies , provision of concessional finance and infrastructural development.

The Government has also decided to set up 100 growth Centres in the country during the next 5 years for promotion of regional development of backward areas. In the first phase, 61 Growth Centres are being set up at a cost of Rs. 25 crores to Rs. 30 crores each.

With the bountiful monsoon and buoyancy evident in investment climate, the Seventh Five year Plan target of growth of industrial production is expected to be achieved.

Panna Oil-field Development Project

1957. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that clearance has been given by Public Investment Board for Panna Oil-field Development Project; and

(b) if so, what is the envisaged oil production and estimated cost to be incurred?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI BRAHM DUTT): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The project is estimated to cost Rs. 640.11 crores and would result in the production of 12.18 million tonnes of oil and 6975 million cubic metres of gas upto 2007-08 A.D.

Integrated Development of Western Offshore

1958. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether any plans are under consideration for the integrated development of Western offshore;

(b) whether it is a fact that such a plan would reduce wastage of gas in Bombay offshore region; and

(c) if the answer to part (a) above be in the affirmative, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (SHRI BRAHM DUTT): (a) to (c) Government have set up an expert group to study all aspects of ONGC's proposal for a Western Offshore Integrated Development project.

Setting up of a Polyester Filament Project in Bihar

1959. SHRI KAMAL MORARKA: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration for setting up a polyester filament yarn project in Bihar;

(b) if so, what is the envisaged capacity, capital outlay etc.; and

(c) whether any private participation is envisaged?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI J. VENGALRAO): (a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Pollution prevention programme

1960. SHRI D. B. CHANDRE GOWDA:
SHRI SHANTI TYAGI:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the National Productivity Council (NPC) has prepared a six point programme for the prevention of pollution;

(b) if so, what are the salient features of the said programme;

(c) what are the details of the industries likely to be covered under this programme; and